

U.S. Application No. 10/751,732, filed January 2, 2004  
Attorney Docket No. 14230US03  
Response dated September 27, 2010  
In Response to Office Action mailed May 25, 2010

## **Amendments to the Claims**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

1. (Currently Amended) A system for handling transport protocol segments (TPSes), comprising:

    a receiver that receives an incoming TPS, the incoming TPS comprising a TPS header, an aligned upper layer protocol (ULP) header, and a complete ULP data unit (ULPDU), a marker header and a marker,

    wherein the receiver directly places the complete ULPDU into a host memory, and

wherein the marker header is disposed between the aligned ULP header and the TPS header, and

wherein the marker is disposed in the complete ULPDU and points to the marker header.

2. (Original) The system according to claim 1,

    wherein the receiver comprises a network subsystem and the host memory,

    wherein the network subsystem receives the incoming TPS and directly places data of the complete ULPDU into the host memory.

3. (Original) The system according to claim 1, wherein the network subsystem comprises a network interface card (NIC) or a network controller.

4. (Original) The system according to claim 1, wherein the ULPDU comprises a framing protocol data unit (FPDU).

5. (Original) The system according to claim 4, wherein the FPDU comprises a data unit created by a ULP using a marker-based ULPDU aligned (MPA) framing protocol.

U.S. Application No. 10/751,732, filed January 2, 2004  
Attorney Docket No. 14230US03  
Response dated September 27, 2010  
In Response to Office Action mailed May 25, 2010

6. (Original) The system according to claim 1, wherein the aligned ULP header comprises an aligned FPDU header.

7. (Original) The system according to claim 6, wherein the aligned ULP header comprises the aligned FPDU header disposed adjacently to a TPS header of the TPS.

8. (Original) The system according to claim 1, wherein the aligned ULP header is disposed a preset length away from a TPS header of the TPS.

9. (Original) The system according to claim 1, wherein the aligned ULP header is disposed a particular length away from the TPS header, the particular length being related to information in a field in the TPS.

10. (Original) The system according to claim 9, wherein the field comprises a marker field.

11. (Original) The system according to claim 1, wherein the receiver is a flow-through receiver.

12. (Original) The system according to claim 1, wherein the TPS comprises a transmission control protocol (TCP) segment.

13. (Original) The system according to claim 12, wherein the TCP segment is part of a TCP byte stream.

U.S. Application No. 10/751,732, filed January 2, 2004

Attorney Docket No. 14230US03

Response dated September 27, 2010

In Response to Office Action mailed May 25, 2010

14. (Original) The system according to claim 1,  
wherein the receiver comprises a buffer, and  
wherein the size of the buffer does not scale approximately linearly with a network speed  
or a network bandwidth.

15. (Original) The system according to claim 1,  
wherein the receiver comprises a buffer, and  
wherein the size of the buffer does not scale with the number of connections.

16. (Original) The system according to claim 1, wherein the incoming TPS comprises  
information that is used to place the complete ULPDU in the host memory.

17. (Original) The system according to claim 1, wherein the receiver does not store  
partial cyclical redundancy check (CRC) values.

18. (Original) The system according to claim 1, wherein the incoming TPS comprises an  
out-of-order incoming TPS.

19. (Original) The system according to claim 1, wherein the receiver does not store only  
a portion of the complete ULPDU.

U.S. Application No. 10/751,732, filed January 2, 2004

Attorney Docket No. 14230US03

Response dated September 27, 2010

In Response to Office Action mailed May 25, 2010

20. (Currently Amended) A system for handling TPSes, comprising:  
a sender that sends a TPS, the sent TPS comprising a marker, a marker header, a TPS header, an aligned ULP header and one or more complete ULPDUs,  
wherein the marker header is disposed between the aligned ULP header and the TPS header, and wherein the marker is disposed in one of the one or more complete ULPDUs and points to the marker header.
21. (Currently Amended) A method for handling TPSes, comprising:  
aligning an FPDU header in a known position in a TPS with respect to a TPS header; and  
placing a complete FPDU in the TPS; and  
inserting a marker inside the complete FPDU, wherein the marker is not adjacent to the FPDU header, and wherein the marker points to the FPDU header.
22. (Currently Amended) A method for handling TPSes, comprising:  
receiving an incoming TPS, the TPS comprising a complete FPDU and an FPDU header in a known position with respect to a TPS header, wherein the FPDU includes a marker, wherein the marker is not adjacent to the FPDU header, and wherein the marker points to the FPDU header.
23. (Original) The method according to claim 22, wherein the FPDU header is adjacent to the TPS header.
24. (Original) The method according to claim 22, further comprising:  
performing layer 2 (L2) processing, layer 3 (L3) processing and layer 4 (L4) processing on the incoming TPS via a network subsystem.

U.S. Application No. 10/751,732, filed January 2, 2004  
Attorney Docket No. 14230US03  
Response dated September 27, 2010  
In Response to Office Action mailed May 25, 2010

25. (Original) The method according to claim 24, further comprising:  
obtaining FPDU length information from the FPDU header.
26. (Original) The method according to claim 25, further comprising:  
programming a direct memory access (DMA) engine to copy data of the FPDU from the network subsystem to a host memory.
27. (Original) The method according to claim 26, further comprising:  
programming the DMA engine to move FPDU through a cyclical redundancy checking (CRC) machine.
28. (Original) The method according to claim 22, wherein the TPS comprises a plurality of complete FPDUs.
29. (Original) The method according to claim 24, further comprising:  
performing ULP processing on the incoming TPS via the network subsystem,  
wherein the L2 processing, the L3 processing, the L4 processing and the ULP processing can occur in parallel or in any order.
30. (Original) The method according to claim 29,  
wherein the L2 processing, the L3 processing, the L4 processing and the ULP processing do not occur in the listed order in a receiver.
31. (Original) The method according to claim 29,  
wherein the ULP processing, the L4 processing, the L3 processing and the L2 processing do not occur in the listed order in a transmitter.

U.S. Application No. 10/751,732, filed January 2, 2004  
Attorney Docket No. 14230US03  
Response dated September 27, 2010  
In Response to Office Action mailed May 25, 2010

32. (Currently Amended) A system for handling transport protocol segments (TPSes), comprising:

a receiver comprising a direct memory access (DMA) engine,  
wherein the receiver receives an incoming TPS, the incoming TPS comprising a marker, a marker header, a TPS header, an aligned upper layer protocol (ULP) header and a complete ULP data unit (ULPDU),  
wherein the marker header is disposed between the aligned ULP header and the TPS header, wherein the marker is disposed in the complete ULPDU and points to the marker header, and wherein the receiver programs the DMA engine once to place the complete ULPDU into a host memory.

33. (Original) The system according to claim 32,

wherein the receiver comprises a cyclical redundancy check (CRC) machine, and  
wherein the receiver uses the CRC machine once per ULPDU.

34. (Original) The system according to claim 33,

wherein the receiver comprises a non-flow-through network interface card (NIC), and  
wherein the DMA engine and the CRC machine are part of the non-flow-through NIC.

35. (Original) The system according to claim 34, wherein the non-flow-through NIC comprises a local memory.

36. (Original) The system according to claim 35, wherein the non-flow-through NIC performs a CRC calculation before or as the complete ULPDU is stored in the local memory.

U.S. Application No. 10/751,732, filed January 2, 2004

Attorney Docket No. 14230US03

Response dated September 27, 2010

In Response to Office Action mailed May 25, 2010

37. (Original) The system according to claim 35, wherein the non-flow-through NIC performs a CRC calculation after the complete ULPDU is stored in the local memory.

38. (Original) The system according to claim 35, wherein the non-flow-through NIC performs a CRC calculation during a process by which the complete ULPDU is sent from the local memory to a host memory.

39. (Original) The system according to claim 35, wherein the complete ULPDU comprises a marker-aligned protocol data unit.

40. (Original) The system according to claim 33,  
wherein the receiver comprises a flow-through NIC, and  
wherein the DMA engine and the CRC machine are part of the flow-through NIC.

41. (Original) The system according to claim 40, wherein the flow-through NIC comprises a buffer.

42. (Original) The system according to claim 41, wherein the non-flow-through NIC performs a CRC calculation before or as the complete ULPDU is stored in the buffer.

43. (Original) The system according to claim 41, wherein the CRC calculation is a ULP CRC calculation.

44. (Original) The system according to claim 40, wherein the complete ULPDU comprises a marker-aligned protocol data unit.

U.S. Application No. 10/751,732, filed January 2, 2004

Attorney Docket No. 14230US03

Response dated September 27, 2010

In Response to Office Action mailed May 25, 2010

45. (Currently Amended) A method for handling TPSes, comprising:

(a) receiving an incoming TPS, the TPS comprising a TPS header, a marker, a complete FPDU and an FPDU header in a known position with respect to a TPS header, wherein the marker is inserted in the complete FPDU, wherein marker is not adjacent to the FPDU header, and wherein the marker points to the FPDU header;

- (b) performing layer 2 (L2) processing on the incoming TPS;
- (c) performing layer 3 (L3) processing on the incoming TPS;
- (d) performing layer 4 (L4) processing on the incoming TPS; and
- (e) performing ULP processing on the incoming TPS,

wherein the performing of (b), (c), (d) and (e) occurs in any order.

46. (Original) The method according to claim 45, wherein at least two of the performing of (b), (c), (d) and (e) occurs concurrently.